Self-Supervised Learning for Robust Image Classification

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Self-supervised learning

- Training without big, high-quality or labeled datasets (Kolesnikov et al., 2019; Zhang et al., 2016; Zhang et al. 2017)
- Training in two steps: pretraining and downstream task (Doersch and Zisserman, 2017; Gidaris et al., 2019; Jing and Tian, 2020; Doersch et al., 2015)
 - Supervisory signals generated from the training data itself (such as position, color or self-motion)
 - Self-generated pseudo-labels
 - Pretraining requires a high-level of semantic understanding of the data
 - Network learns meaningful visual representations
 - Initialization of weights for more complex downstream tasks



Research question

- Does pretraining increase robustness concerning:
 - Small datasets?
 - Data imbalance?
 - Pixel loss?
 - Combinations?



Conclusion

- Self-supervised learning is significantly better than the standard approach given data manipulations
- More difficult conditons → increased difference between the models
- * Relative classification improvement due to pretraining given highest levels of data manipulation

Scenario	MNIST	Fashion-MNIST
Data reduction	11.2%	15.2%
Pixel loss	7.3%	2.2%
Imbalance	0.9%	0.8%
Combination data reduction & pixel loss	42.9%	

* Combinations of challenges pose a greater difficulty than the sum of the individual ones



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